China Sentences Journalist to 7 Years on Espionage Charges After G20 Lunch

'I condemn today's sentencing of veteran Chinese journalist Dong Yuyu to seven years in prison on espionage charges,' the U.S. ambassador to China said.



Chinese journalist Dong Yuyu in an undated handout image provided by his family on Nov. 28, 2024. Dong Yuyu's



By Catherine Yang

11/29/2024 Updated: 11/29/2024

A A Print

A Chinese journalist was sentenced to seven years in prison on espionage charges on Nov. 29, according to a statement from his family given to international media.

Dong Yuyu, 62, was an editor and journalist at the state-run media ruangming Daily and ran the commentary section, where he ublished pro-reform articles.



eijing's No. 2 Intermediate People's Court ruled that the Japanese iplomat with whom Dong met was part of the Japanese Embassy, 'hich Beijing designates as an "espionage organization."

he ruling implied that every Chinese citizen would be "expected to now that the Chinese government may consider those embassies to Le 'espionage organizations,'" Dong's family said.

The Japanese diplomat, who had met with Dong in the past, was also detained after the 2022 lunch for several hours, sparking protest from the Japanese Foreign Ministry. Dong had been a visiting scholar and was visiting professors at Keio University and Hokkaido University in Japan.

Police guarded the court on Friday, with seven police cars parked nearby, and journalists were asked to leave the area. A U.S. diplomat said they had been barred from attending the hearing.

U.S. Ambassador to China Nicholas Burns condemned the verdict.

"I condemn today's sentencing of veteran Chinese journalist Dong Yuyu to seven years in prison on espionage charges," he said. "Punishing Dong for exercising his freedom of speech and the press, guaranteed by the PRC's [People's Republic of China's] constitution for all its citizens, is unjust."

The U.S. State Department also condemned the sentencing as unjust and called for Dong's immediate and unconditional release.

"His arrest and today's sentencing highlight the PRC's failure to live up to its commitments under international law and its own constitutional guarantees to all its citizens, which include the right to freedom of speech and freedom of the press," stated Matthew Miller, State Department spokesperson.

International organizations have been calling for Dong's release over the past two years, where his trial and sentencing saw numerous delays. The U.S. National Press Club stated that Dong was given a fivehour, closed-door trial in July 2023 and imprisoned without a verdict.

Dong's family said Friday's verdict showed a "bankrupt" justice system under the CCP and chilled free thought.

"Sentencing Yuyu to seven years in prison on no evidence declares to the world the bankruptcy of the justice system in China," Dong's family said in a statement.

"Today's verdict is a grave injustice not only to Yuyu and his family but also to every freethinking Chinese journalist and every ordinary Chinese committed to friendly engagement with the world."

Beh Lih Yi, Asia program manager at the Committee to Protect Journalists, called for Dong's release.

"Chinese authorities must reverse this unjust verdict, and protect the right of journalists to work freely and safely in China," Beh said.

Last year, U.S. National Press Club members published an open letter calling for Dong's release. Journalists who had worked with him said

that Dong was pro-reform, supported a republican form of government for China, and had written a book about China's history that included calls for the regime "to address darker chapters in recent history, such as the Cultural Revolution."

Dong had regularly met with international journalists and foreign diplomats. He had several fellowships abroad, including the Nieman fellowship at Harvard (class of 2007).

"Dong Yuyu is a talented reporter and author whose work has long been respected by colleagues," said Ann Marie Lipinski, curator of the Nieman Foundation for Journalism at Harvard. "We stand with many in hoping for his release and return to his family."

The press club members have criticized the CCP's classification of a meeting with a diplomat as "espionage."

"Who would want to come to China to meet Chinese journalists, academics, or diplomats if these meetings could be used as evidence that the Chinese side is committing espionage?" their letter reads.

Reuters contributed to this report.

Sign up for the Epoch Opinion newsletter. Our team of Canadian and international thought leaders take you beyond the headlines and trends that shape our world. Sign up with 1-click >>



Catherine Yang
Author

Catherine Yang is a reporter for The Epoch Times based in New York.

Author's Selected Articles

Lithuania Expels 3 Chinese Diplomats

Nov 29, 2024



Russian, Chinese Warplanes Enter South Korean Air Defense Zone

Nov 29, 2024



Filipino Authorities Detain 13 Chinese National Stowaways Found on Philippine Vessel

Nov 27, 2024



China's Role in Fentanyl Crisis Back in Spotlight as Tariffs Loom

Nov 26, 2024



Copyright @ 2000 - 2024 The Epoch Times Association Inc. All Rights Reserved.

Cookies Settings